CLAIMS

A method of manufacturing a cylindrical metal-oxide varistor with improved energy absorption capability, wherein electrodes are arranged making contact with the en $rac{1}{4}$ surfaces of the metal-oxide varistor, the end surfaces of the varistor are coated with metal, and the envelope surface is supplied with a high-resistance material so as to form a zone with enhanced resistivity close to the envelope surface, characterized in that a metal-oxide powder\is formed into a cylindrical body, that the envelope surfaces is coated with a paste or a dispersion of a high-resistance material by spraying, dip-painting, rolling, or some other equivalent method, and that the coated varistor body is sintered.

2. A method according to claim 1, characterized in that, during the sintering, the high-resistance material diffuses into the surface zone of the envelope surface of the metal-oxide varistor to a depth of 2-6 mm.

- 3. A method according to claim 1, characterized in that the envelope sunface of the formed, non-sintered varistor body is coated with an aqueous dispersion of SiO2, LiO2 or Cr_2O_3 .
- 4. A method according to claim 1, characterized in that the coated varistor body is sintered at 1100-1300°C for 2-10 h.

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